COVID Information Commons: Unlocking COVID-19 Insights with Data Science

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PI - COVID Information Commons

Many thanks to Aryan Naik for preparing this presentation.

Agenda

- COVID Information Commons
- ➤ Data Science Tools and Techniques for COVID-19
- > Future directions

NSF Award and PI Database Search

Home NSF COVID Awards & PI Database Search results for rapid covid found the following 990 results. Download Results as CSV ♣ FILTER BY KEYWORD Projects **↓** Principal Investigator Institution Type your keyword RAPID Collaborative: Relevance of linguistic and Liliana Sanchez University of Illinois at cross-cultural appropriateness in communication Chicago Clear Filter during the pandemic Award Abstract #2033712 Effective response to the COVID-19 pandemic depends on Directorate linguistic and cultural factors as well as social and economic ones. This is a special concern for indigenous and immigrant Division communities for whom information about the pandemic and important... SHOW MORE Institution > State/Territory RAPID Collaborative: Relevance of linguistic and Elena Koulidobrova Central Connecticut cross-cultural appropriateness in communication State University > Region during the pandemic Award Abstract #2033739 > PI Name Effective response to the COVID-19 pandemic depends on linguistic and cultural factors as well as social and economic > NSF Program Officer ones. This is a special concern for indigenous and immigrant communities for whom information about the pandemic and > NSF Program Name important... SHOW MORE > NSF Program Reference RAPID/Collaborative Research: Quantifying Social Anastasia Columbus State Code Media Data for Improved Modeling of Mitigation Angelopoulou University Strategies for the COVID-19 Pandemic > NSF Program Element Code Award Abstract #2029733 This Rapid Response Research (RAPID) grant will support > Start/End Date research that will contribute new knowledge related to modeling social behavior and community activity during the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as future pandemics with > Award Amount COVID-19 characteristics.... SHOW MORE \$5,445.00 - \$1,444.390.00

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The COVID Information Commons

The COVID Information Commons (CIC) is a portal and community to facilitate knowledge sharing and collaboration across COVID research efforts, funded by the NSF Convergence Accelerator.

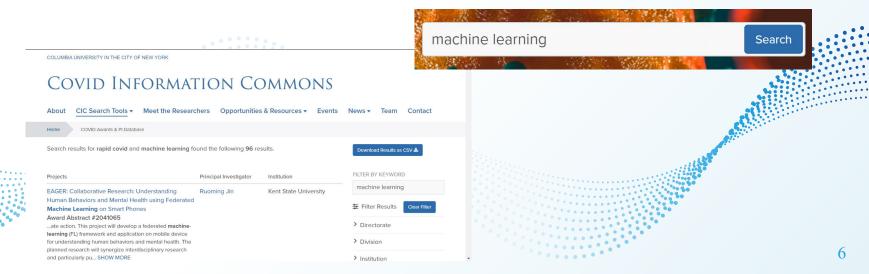
The CIC serves as a resource for researchers, students and decision-makers from academia, government, nonprofits and industry to identify collaboration opportunities, leverage each other's research findings, and accelerate research to mitigate the societal impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic.



Data Science Tools and Techniques for Covid-19 and longitudinal pandemic research

Methodology

Papers considered in this review were obtained from COVID Information Commons NSF COVID awards and PI Database. Search query of machine learning.



Research in the age of COVID

Throughout the ongoing Covid -19 pandemic data scientists and machine learning experts have attempted to apply machine learning algorithms to real world data as fast as possible. The NSF has supported this effort through RAPID Awards. RAPID awards have greatly decreased the amount of time needed for researchers to be given funding from months to mere days. So far 990 of these RAPID Awards have been accounted for in the COVID Information Commons.

COVID Research Explorer Machine Learning (ML) Maps

Topic: Machine Learning

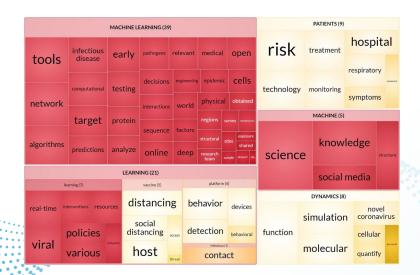


Topic: Deep Learning

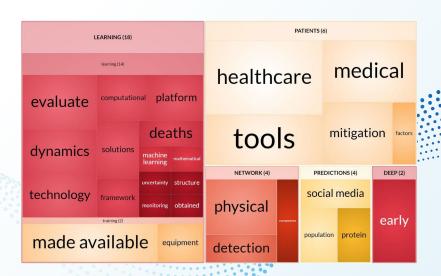


ML clusters of NSF COVID Awards

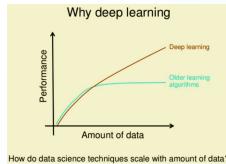
Topic: Machine Learning



Topic: Deep Learning



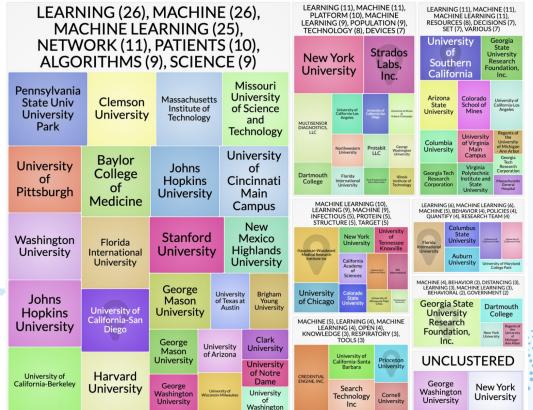
ML vs. Deep Learning



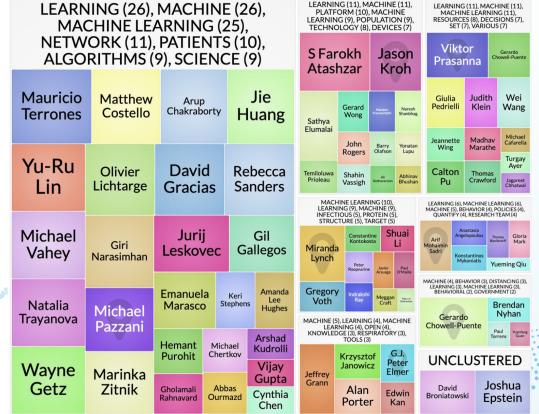
cience techniques scale with amount of data?

- "Deep Learning is a subset of Machine Learning that achieves great power and flexibility by learning to represent the world as nested hierarchy of concepts, with each concept defined in relation to simpler concepts, and more abstract representations computed in terms of less abstract ones."
- Data sets with a larger amount of data can benefit from deep learning techniques.
- With the larger datasets of COVID deaths and general healthcare, deep learning can give better performance.

COVID-19 Machine Learning Research funded by NSF (by Institution)



COVID-19 Machine Learning Research (By Principal Investigator)

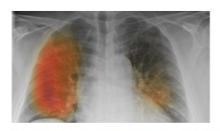


Focus of COVID Machine Learning Research in the CIC

- Prediction cardiac response, population spread, host pathogen protein-protein interactions
- Resource allocation
- Epidemiology analysis
- Analysis of CT Scans
- Presymptomatic Detection
- Response Enhancement
- Cyber Hostility online
- And more

CIC Lightning Talks

- Monthly CIC PI Lightning Talk Webinars have attracted over 800 participants since July 2020, plus 2,400 additional YouTube views.
- Lightning talks allow Principal Investigators (PIs) to explain their research further in the form of a video. Talks are hosted by the COVID Information Commons.

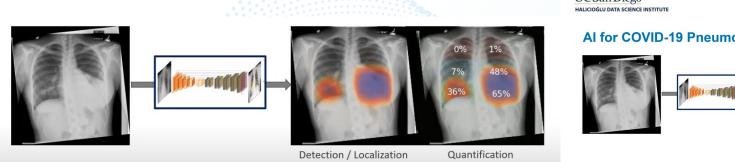


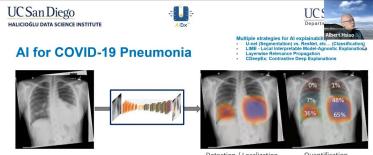
Michael Pazzani and Albert Hsiao, UC San Diego Explainable Machine Learning for Analysis of COVID-19 Chest CT



Explainable AI

- AI can be used heavily in a number of different domains, however in order to be effective we must build trust with professionals already in these fields.
- Explainable AI helps to build trust, as it does not act as a "black box". To build better AI we must build AI for humans.







SBIR - Small Business Innovation Research - is also focused on COVID.

The CIC NSF Awards Database is not limited to just RAPID awards.

Projects	Principal Investigator	Institution
SBIR Phase I: Development of a Low-cost, Scalable Sampler for Airborne COVID-19 Virus Detection Award Abstract #2027696 The broader impact/commercial potential of this Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) Phase I project is the development of an accurate, robust tool for sampling airborne viruses, bacteria, fungi and other bioaerosols. Major deficiencies with SHOW MORE	Patricia B Keady	Aerosol Devices Inc.
SBIR Phase I: Automated Medical Supply Dispenser to Decrease Spread of COVID-19 to Healthcare Professionals Award Abstract #2014255 The broader impact/commercial potential of this Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) Phase I project is to protect healthcare workers and conserve personal protective equipment (PPE) through automated medication delivery. The healthcare system SHOW MORE	Cheryl Lohman	MEDAPPTIC, LLC



Future Response Development

- Utilizing machine learning we can gather data that can be used for future pandemic responses.
- RAPID awards are currently in the areas of reducing the spread of COVID-19 in small communities, developing new machine learning models for protein-protein interactions, and predicting antibody binding for COVID-19 variants.
- All of this amazing research can be repurposed in the future.

Research to Tackle Pandemics

- As we continue into a new phase of this pandemic with the rise of the delta variant it is important to review research done in the earlier waves.
- Combined with ongoing research we can formulate a far better response to the ongoing pandemic and understand what areas still need more research.
- NSF is planning Predictive Intelligence for Pandemic Prevention (PIPP) grants to address future pandemic challenges.

CIC Student Paper Challenge

- COVID-19 has created societal challenges for communities around the world. Collaboration and knowledge sharing are key to accelerating the research response to the pandemic's widespread impacts.
- Undergraduate college students from around the world participated in the inaugural 2021 CIC Undergraduate Student Paper Challenge.
- They leveraged the CIC and other resources to do research and submit papers, joining the research community addressing the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Winning papers are published on the CIC website, added to the Columbia University Academic Commons, and presented at a CIC event.
- Please contact info@covidinfocommons.net for more information.

2021 CIC Student Paper Challenge Winners

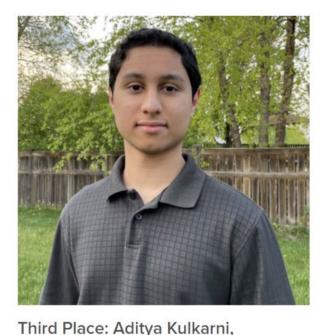


First Place: Jane Pan, Columbia University.

"Contradiction Detection of COVID-19 Randomized Controlled Trials via BERT Language Models"



Second Place: Samson Qian,
University of California, San Diego.
"Generating Explanations for Chest Medical Scan
Pneumonia Predictions"

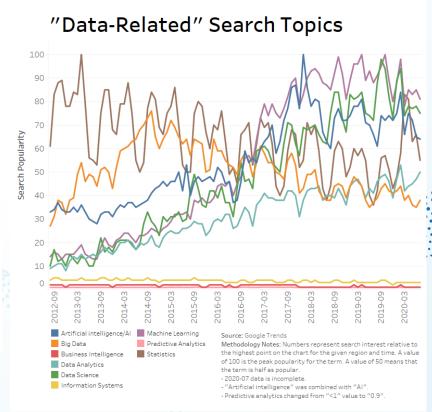


University of Minnesota.

"Human Mobility Patterns Linked to COVID-19
Prone Locations" 🗗

Future of Data Science

- Data science is becoming more accessible as methods become easier to use and understand.
- Machine learning is being added to undergraduate programs.
- APIs will continue to make data science more accessible.



Bibliography

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